

COMPUTER SCIENCE

0478/11 May/June 2019

Paper 1 MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 75

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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This syllabus is regulated for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level 1/Level 2 Certificate.

Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

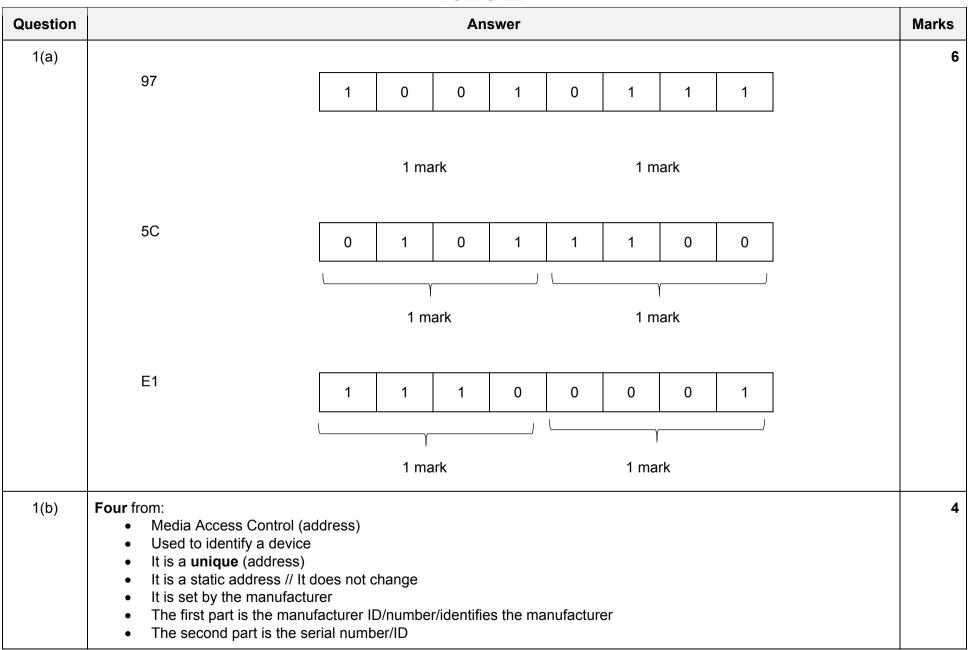
Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.



Question	Answer	Marks
1(c)	Two from e.g.:	2
	 Colour codes // Colour in HTML / CSS Error messages Locations in memory Memory dump // debugging IP address ASCII // Unicode Assembly language URL 	

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	1 mark for correct name, 1 mark for correct gate symbol	2
	– AND	
2(b)	1 mark for correct name, 1 mark for correct gate symbol	2
	– NOR	

Question	Answer	Marks
2(c)	1 mark for correct name, 1 mark for correct gate symbol	2
	– NAND	

Question	Answer		Marks
3	1 mark for each correct device		ę
	Description of input or output device	Name of device	
	This is an input device that works by shining a light onto the surface of a document. The light source is automatically moved across the document and the reflected light is captured by mirrors and lenses.	2D Scanner	
	This is an input device where a laser or a light source is moved across an object. The width, height and depth of the object are measured to allow a model to be created.	3D scanner	
	This is a large input device that is usually fixed to a wall. A user can calibrate the device to make sure the sensors align with a projected image. The user can use either their finger or a special pen to make selections.	Interactive whiteboard	
	This is an output device that uses many small mirrors to reflect light towards a lens. This will display an image.	Projector	
	This is an output device that creates an object by building layer upon layer of material.	3D printer	

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)(i)	1 mark for security method, 2 marks for description	3
	 Anti-virus (software) // Anti-malware (software) Scans the computer system (for viruses) Has a record of known viruses Removes/quarantines any viruses that are found Checks data before it is downloaded and stops download if virus found/warns user may contain virus 	
	 Firewall // Proxy server Monitors traffic coming into and out of the computer system Checks that the traffic meets any criteria/rules set Blocks any traffic that does not meet the criteria/rules set // set blacklist/whitelist 	

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)(ii)	1 mark for security method, 2 marks for description	3
	Firewall // proxy server	
	 Monitors traffic coming into and out of the computer system 	
	 Check that the traffic meets any criteria/rules set 	
	 Blocks any traffic that does not meet the criteria/rules set // set blacklist/whitelist NOTE: Cannot be awarded if already given in 4(a)(i) 	
	Passwords	
	 Making a password stronger // by example Changing it regularly 	
	 Lock out after set number of attempts // stops brute force attacks // makes it more difficult to guess 	
	Biometrics	
	 Data needed to enter is unique to individual 	
	… therefore very difficult to replicate	
	Lock out after set number of attempts	
	Two-step verification // Two-factor authentication	
	 Extra data is sent to device, pre-set by user 	
	making it more difficult for hacker to obtain it	
	Data has to be entered into the same system	
	 so if attempted from a remote location, it will not be accepted 	

Question	Answer	Marks
4(a)(iii)	1 mark for security method, 2 marks for description	3
	Anti-spyware software // Anti-malware (software)	
	Scans the computer for spyware	
	 Removes/quarantines any spyware that is found 	
	Can prevent spyware being downloaded	
	NOTE: Anti-malware (software) cannot be awarded if already given in 4(a)(i)	
	Drop-down boxes // onscreen/virtual keyboard	
	Means key logger cannot collect data // key presses cannot be recorded	
	and relay it to third party	
	Two-step verification // Two-factor authentication	
	Extra data is sent to device, pre-set by user	
	making it more difficult for hacker to obtain it	
	Data has to be entered into the same system	
	so if attempted from a remote location, it will not be accepted	
	NOTE: Cannot be awarded if already given in 4(a)(ii)	
	Firewall // proxy server	
	 Monitors traffic coming into and out of the computer system 	
	Check that the traffic meets any criteria/rules set	
	 Blocks any traffic that does not meet the criteria/rules set // set blacklist/whitelist 	
	NOTE: Cannot be awarded if already given in 4(a)(i) or 4(a)(ii)	
4(b)(i)	Three from:	3
	Human error e.g. accidentally deleting a file	
	Hardware failure	
	Physical damage e.g. fire/flood	
	Power failure // power surge	
	Misplacing a storage device	
		1

Question	Answer	Marks
4(b)(ii)	 Two from: Back data up Use surge protection Keep data in a fireproof / waterproof / protective case Use verification methods (for deleting files) Following correct procedure e.g. ejecting offline devices / regularly saving 	2

Question	Answer	Marks
5	 Five from: A (compression) algorithm is used No data is removed in the process // original file can be restored Repeated words (are identified) // Patterns in the data (are identified) and are indexed/put into a table // by example and are replaced with their index // by example and their positions are stored (in the table) // by example and the number of times the word/pattern appears is stored (in the table) // by example NOTE: Other valid methods of lossless compression can be awarded marks 	5

Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	 Four from (max 2 marks per improvement): Make the password require more characters Makes the password harder to crack/guess More possible combinations for the password Make the password require different types of characters Makes the password harder to crack/guess More possible combinations for the password Use a biometric device Hard to fake a person's biological data // data is unique 	4
	 Fraid to fake a person's biological data // data is difique Two-step verification // Two factor-authentication Adds an additional level to hack Have to have the set device for the code to receive it Drop-down boxes // onscreen keyboard To prevent passwords being obtained using keylogger Request random characters 	
	 Won't reveal entire password Set number of password attempts Will lock account if attempting to guess Will stop brute-force attacks 	

Question	Answer	Marks
6(b)	 Four from (max 3 marks for benefits only, without an explanation): More read/write cycles (over its lifetime) // greater longevity likely to be a lot of read/write functions each day Read/write speed is sufficient even though it is slower than solid-state Cheaper per unit of data stored better value for the company to purchase so the law company can afford to buy a server with greater storage capacity No requirement for portability as a server, it does not need to be moved Trusted technology it has been traditionally used for many years 	4
6(c)	 DVD CD Blu-ray 	3

Question	Answer	Marks
7	 1 mark for each correct term, in the correct place: Syntax High-level language Translator Machine code Assembly Low-level language 	6

Question	Answer	Marks
8(a)	 Six from: SSL is a (security) protocol It encrypts any data that is sent It uses/sends digital certificates which is sent to the (buyer's/user's) browser // requested by (buyer's/user's) browser that contains the gallery's public key that can be used to authenticate the gallery Once the certificate is authenticated, the transaction will begin 	6

Question	Answer				Marks
8(b)	1 mark for each correct tick.				6
	Statement	True (✓)	False (✓)		
	Firewalls are only available as hardware devices		~		
	Firewalls allow a user to set rules for network traffic	~			
	Firewalls will automatically stop all malicious traffic		~		
	Firewalls only examine traffic entering a network		~		
	Firewalls encrypt all data that is transmitted around a network		~		
	Firewalls can be used to block access to certain websites	\checkmark			
8(c)	 Four from: A set of guidelines Rules/laws that govern the use of computers / by example Tell people how to behave when using computers // helps k Art gallery could be subject to plagiarism / intellectual prop Art gallery could copyright their work (to make it illegal to 	perty theft	e when using	computers // by example	4